independent School

## Letters and Sounds Parents Information Leaflet

Letters and Sounds is a six-phase programme designed to help teach children to read and spell with phonics.

## Phase One

The aim of this phase is to foster children's speaking and listening skills as preparation for learning to read with phonics. Parents can play a vital role in helping their children develop these skills, by encouraging their children to listen carefully and talk extensively about what they hear, see and do.

## Phase Two - Four

Phase Two is when systematic, high quality phonic work begins. During Phase Two to Four, children learn:

* How to represent each of the 42 sounds by a letter or sequence of letters.
*How to blend sounds together for reading and how to segment (split) words for spelling.
*Letter names e.g. through an alphabet song. There is some debate as to when letter names should be introduced, but it is generally best to leave teaching letter names until children are secure with the alphabet letter sounds, as these are what are important when learning to read with phonics.
*How to read and spell some high frequency 'tricky' words containing sounds not yet learnt (e.g. they, my, her, you).

The Letters and Sounds Programme suggests an order for teaching the letters, and a fast pace of one Set per week. It recognises, however, that children's personal experience of letters varies enormously. Most importantly, it progresses from the simple to the more complex aspects of phonics at a pace that is suitable for the children who are learning.

## Phase Five

Children learn new ways of representing the sounds and practice blending for reading and segmenting for spelling.

## Phase Six

During this phase, children become fluent readers and increasingly accurate spellers.

## Learning Letter Sounds

Spoken English uses about 42 sounds (phonemes).
These phonemes are represented by letters (graphemes).
The alphabet contains only 26 letters, but we use it to make all the graphemes that represent the phonemes of English. In other words, a sound can be represented by a letter (e.g. 's') or a group of letters (e.g. 'th' or 'igh')

Once children begin learning letters, they are used as quickly as possible in reading and spelling words. Children can then see the purpose of learning letters. For this reason, the first six letters taught are 's', 'a', 't', 'p', 'i', 'n'.
These can immediately be used to make a number of words such as 'sat', 'pin', 'pat', 'tap', 'nap'

## As a parent, your involvement in supporting your child's learning will be a vital factor in determining their success in learning to read.

Magnetic boards and letters are one of the most effective ways to help children learn letters and develop their reading and spelling skills in a multi-sensory way. Children find using them enjoyable and easy to understand and apply.

Other useful resources include:

- Flash cards
- Wall Frieze or poster
- Alphabet puzzles
- Alphabet games such as 'I-Spy', Phonics Lotto

The charts below show the order for teaching the letter sounds as suggested by the Letters and Sounds Programme Phases 2-4. The charts also give an example of a word to indicate how to pronounce each sound.

| Set 1 | $\qquad$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Set 2 |  | $\prod_{\operatorname{map}} \quad \underset{\text { dog }}{\mathbf{O}}$ |
| Set 3 | $\mathrm{O}_{\mathrm{go}}^{\mathrm{O}}$ |  |
| Set 4 | $\underset{\text { duck }}{\text { CK }} \underset{\text { egg }}{\text { e }}$ | $\boldsymbol{u p}_{\text {up }} \quad \underset{r}{r a t}$ |
| Set 5 | $\begin{array}{ll} n & \text { bat } \\ \text { hen } & \text { SS } \\ \text { leg, bell } & \text { miss } \end{array}$ | $f, f f$ <br> fan, puff |
| Set 6 |  | $\begin{array}{cc}\mathbf{W} & \underset{\text { wig }}{\text { box }}\end{array}$ |
| Set 7 | ${\underset{y y y}{\text { yes }}}_{\boldsymbol{Z}}^{\underset{\text { zip, buzz }}{ }, \mathbb{Z}}$ | qu <br> quiz |


| Ch | chip | ar | farm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| sh | shop | Or | for |
| th | thin <br> then | ur | hurt |
| ng | ring | OW | cow |
| ai | rain | Oi | coin |
| ee | feet | ear | dear |
| igh | night | air | fair |
| Oa | boat | ure | sure |
| oo | boot <br> look | er | corner |

## High frequency and 'tricky' words

There are 100 high frequency (common) words that recur frequently in much of the written material young children read and that they need when they write.

High frequency words have often been regarded in the past as needing to be taught as sight words - to be learnt as visual wholes. The vast majority of these words are, however, decodable once letter sounds have been taught.

In order to read simple sentences, it is necessary for children to know some words that have unusual or untaught spellings. These are known as 'tricky' words and need to be learned by heart. It should be noted that, when teaching these words, it is important to always start with sounds already known in the word, then focus on the 'tricky' part.

High frequency 'tricky' words to be learned during Phases 2 and 3

| the | to | l | go |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| no | he | she | we |
| me | be | was | my |
| you | they | her | all |
| are | into |  |  |

High frequency 'tricky' words to be learned during Phase 4

| said | have | like | so |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| do | some | come | were |
| there | little | one | when |
| out | what |  |  |

As soon as children know a few letters, they can begin to read and spell words containing those letters.

Words using set1 letters:

## satp

| at |
| :---: |
| sat |
| pat |
| tap |
| sap |

Words using sets 1 and 2 letters:
satpinm d

| $(+\mathrm{i})$ | $(+\mathrm{n})$ | $(+\mathrm{m})$ | $(+\mathrm{d})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| it | an | am | dad |
| is | in | man | sad |
| sit | nip | mam | dim |
| sat | pan | mat | dip |
| pit | pin | map | din |
| tip | tin | Pam | did |
| pip | tan | Tim | Sid |
| sip | nap | Sam | and |

Words using sets $1-3$ letters:
satpinmagock

| $(+\mathrm{g})$ | $(+$ o $)$ | $(+\mathrm{c})$ | $(+\mathrm{k})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| tag | got | can | kid |
| gag | on | cot | kit |
| gig | not | cop | Kim |
| gap | pot | cap | Kan |
| nag | top | cat |  |
| sag | dog | cod |  |
| gas | pop |  |  |
| pig | God |  |  |
| dig | Mog |  |  |

Words using sets $1-4$ letters:
satpinmdgockckeur

| $(+$ ck $)$ | $(+$ e $)$ | $(+\mathrm{u})$ | $(+r)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| kick | get | up | rim |
| sock | pet | mum | rip |
| sack | ten | run | ram |
| dock | net | mug | rat |
| pick | pen | cup | rag |
| sick | peg | sun | rug |
| pack | met | tuck | rot |
| ticket | men | mud | rocket |
| pocket | neck | sunset | carrot |

Captions using sets $1-4$ letters:
satpinmdgockckeur

| pat a dog | dad and nan |
| :--- | :--- |
| a cat in a hat | a nap in a cot |
| a sad man | a kid in a cap |
| a pin on a map | a tin can |
| pots and pans | cats and dogs |

Captions using sets $1-4$ letters:
satpin mdgockckeur + to, the

| a red rug | rats on a sack |
| :--- | :--- |
| get to the top | a pup in the mud |
| socks on a mat | run to the den |
| a cap on a peg | mugs and cups |
| a run in the sun | an egg in an egg <br> cup |

Words using sets $1-5$ letters:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { s a t p in m d g o ck ck e u r } \\
& \text { h b f,ff l,ll ss }
\end{aligned}
$$

| $(+$ h $)$ | $(+$ b $)$ | $(+f / f f)$ | $(+\mathrm{l} / \mathrm{II})$ | $(+\mathrm{ss})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| had | but | if | lap | ass |
| him | big | off | let | less |
| his | back | fit | leg | hiss |
| hot | bet | fin | lot | mass |
| hut | bad | fun | lit | mess |
| hop | bag | fig | bell | boss |
| hum | bed | fog | fill | fuss |
| hit | bud | puff | doll | hiss |
| hat | beg | huff | tell | pass |
| has | bug | cuff | sell | kiss |
| hack | bun | fan | Bill | Tess |
| hug | bus | fat | Nell | fusspot |
|  | Ben |  | dull |  |
|  | bat |  | laptop |  |
|  | bit |  |  |  |
|  | bucket |  |  |  |
|  | beckon |  |  |  |
|  | rabbit |  |  |  |

Captions with sets $1-5$ letters:
s a t p i n m d g o ck ck e u r
h b f,ff l,II ss + to, the, no, go

| a hug and a kiss | a cat on a bed |
| :--- | :--- |
| on top of the rock | to the top of the hill |
| a bag of nuts | get off the bus |
| to huff and puff | no lid on the pan |
| go to the log hut | pack a pen in a bag |
| a hot hob | a doll in a cot |
| sit back to back | a cat and a big fat <br> rat |
| a duck and a hen |  |

Words using sets $1-6$ letters:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { s a t p i n m d g o ck ck e u r } \\
& \text { h b f,ff l,ll ss j v w x }
\end{aligned}
$$

| $(+j)$ | $(+v)$ | $(+$ w $)$ | $(+x)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| jam | van | will | mix |
| Jill | vat | win | fix |
| jet | vet | wag | box |
| jog | Vic | web | tax |
| Jack | Ravi | wig | six |
| Jen | Kevin | wax | taxi |
| Jet-lag | visit | cobweb | vixen |
| jacket | velvet | wicked | exit |

Yes /no questions with words containing sets $1-6$ letters:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { s a tpin m d gock ck eur } \\
& \text { h b f,ff l,ll ss jvw x }
\end{aligned}
$$

| Is the sun wet? | Can men jog to get fit? |
| :--- | :--- |
| Can wax get hot? | Has a pot of jam got a <br> lid? |
| Has a fox got six <br> legs? | Can a taxi hop? |
| Can a vet fix a jet? | Can a van go up a hill? |
| Will a pen fit in a <br> box? | Has a cat got a web? |

Words using sets $1-7$ letters:
satping dgockckeur h b f,ff l,ll ss j v w x y z,zz qu

| $(+y)$ | $(+z / z z)$ | $(+$ qu $)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| yap | zip | quiz |
| yes | Zak | quit |
| yet | buzz | quick |
| yell | jazz | quack |
| yum-yum | zigzag | liquid |

Yes /no questions with words containing sets $1-7$ letters:
satpinmdgockckeur h b f,ff l,II ss j v w x y z,zz qu

| Can a duck quack? | Can a rabbit yell at a <br> man? |
| :--- | :--- |
| Is a zebra a pet? | Can a hen peck? |
| Can dogs yap? | Is a lemon red? |
| Can a fox get wet? | Is a robin as big as a jet? |
| Will a box fit in a <br> van? | Can a web buzz? |

Sentences using words containing sets $1-7$ letters:

# satpinmdgockckeur h b f,ff l,ll ss j v w x y z,zz qu + he, we, she 

She will fill the bucket at the well.
If the dog has a bad leg, the vet can fix it.
Will Azam and Liz win the quiz? Yes!
He did up the zip on Zinat's jacket.
The fox and vixen had cubs in a den.
We can get the big bed into the van.

Words using the four consonant digraphs:
ch sh th ng

| ch | sh | th | ng |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| chop | ship | them | ring |
| chin | shop | then | rang |
| chug | shed | that | hang |
| check | shell | this | song |
| such | fish | with | wing |
| chip | shock | moth | rung |
| chill | cash | thin | king |
| much | bash | thick | long |
| rich | hush | path | sing |
| chicken | rush | bath | ping- <br> pong |

Sentences with sets $1-7$ letters plus the four consonant digraphs and some tricky words:

## satpinmagockckeur h b f,ff l,ll ss j v w x y z,zz qu ch sh th ng

I am in such a rush to get to the shops.
A man is rich if he has lots of cash.
Natasha sang a song to me.
The van will chug up the long hill.
Sasha had a quick chat with Kath and me.
A moth can be fat, but its wings are thin.
The ship hit the rocks with a thud.
Lots of shops sell chicken as well as fish and chips.
Josh had a shock as he got a bash on the chin.

Words using the vowel graphemes:

| ai |
| :---: |
| wait |
| Gail |
| hail |
| pain |
| aim |
| sail |
| main |
| tail |
| rain |
| bait |


| ee |
| :---: |
| see |
| feel |
| weep |
| feet |
| jeep |
| seem |
| meet |
| week |
| deep |
| keep |


| igh |
| :---: |
| high |
| sigh |
| light |
| might |
| night |
| right |
| sight |
| fight |
| tight |
| tonight |


| oa |
| :---: |
| coat |
| load |
| goat |
| loaf |
| road |
| soap |
| oak |
| toad |
| foal |
| boatman |


| $\mathbf{0 0}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| too | look |
| zoo | foot |
| boot | cook |
| hoot | good |
| zoom | book |
| cool | took |
| food | wood |
| root | wool |
| moon | hook |
| rooftop | hood |


| ar |
| :---: |
| bar |
| car |
| bark |
| card |
| cart |
| hard |
| jar |
| park |
| market |
| farmyard |


| or |
| :---: |
| for |
| fork |
| cord |
| cork |
| sort |
| born |
| worn |
| fort |
| torn |
| cornet |


| ur | OW | oi | ear |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| fur | now | oil | ear |
| burn | down | boil | dear |
| urn | owl | coin | fear |
| burp | cow | coil | hear |
| curl | how | join | gear |
| hurt | bow | soil | tear |
| surf | pow! | toil | year |
| turn | now | quoit | rear |
| turnip | town | poison | beard |
| curds | towel | tinfoil |  |


| air |
| :---: |
| air |
| fair |
| hair |
| lair |
| pair |
| cairn |
|  |
|  |
|  |
|  |


| ure |
| :---: |
| sure |
| lure |
| assure |
| insure |
| pure |
| cure |
| secure |
| manure |
| mature |
|  |


| er |
| :---: |
| hammer |
| letter |
| rocker |
| ladder |
| supper |
| dinner |
|  |
|  |
|  |

Words with a combination of two Phase Three graphemes:

| cheep | sheet | thing | thorn | teeth | coach |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| tooth | harsh | short | church | singer | shear |
| chair | waiter | arch | chain | faith | sheep |
| sharp | poach | shoal | shook | shark | march |
| torch | orchard | north | farmer | shorter | longer |
| looking | powder | lightning | porch | thicker | booth |

Captions:

| tools in the shed | sixteen trees |
| :--- | :--- |
| ships in port | looking at books |
| boats on the river | the light of a torch |
| fish and chips on a <br> dish | digging in the soil |
| a goat and a cow | goats in a farmyard |

Sentences:

| Mark and Carl got wet in the rain. |
| :--- |
| Jill has fair hair but Jack has dark hair. |
| I can hear an owl hoot at night. |
| Bow down to the king and queen. |
| I can see a pair of boots on the mat. |
| The farmer gets up at six in the morning. |
| Jim has seven silver coins. |
| Nan is sitting in the rocking chair. |
| Gurdeep had a chat with his dad. |
| It has been hot this year. |

Sentences for the end of Phase Three:

## On the farm

I will soon visit my nan at her farm.
She will let me feed the hens and chickens.
They peck up corn in the farmyard.
She has goats and cows as well as hens.
She gets the hens into a shed at night - foxes might get them.

## In town

You and I can meet on the corner.
We can get the bus to the fish and chip shop.
Janaki and her sister may join us.
They can get fish and chips too.
Then we can all run to the park.

## In a wigwam

Kevin has a wigwam in the garden.
Alex, Jon and Jeevan visit him.
Kevin's dad cooks chicken for them on hot coals.
Having food in the wigwam is fun.
Then they sing songs.

# At the river <br> Max and Vikram sail a wooden boat. Jeff chucks bits of bun in the river for the ducks. <br> Yasmin sits on the rock and looks for a fish. <br> Tanya and Yasha see an eel. <br> Shep the dog sits down in the mud and gets in a mess. 

## In the woods

Chip the dog runs to the woods. He is looking for rabbits but sees a fox. The fox sees him and rushes off to its den.
Chip dashes after it but cannot see it. He feels sad and runs back to his kennel.

